THE SECOND YEAR IN A PANDEMIC

2022

CHILD CARE IN MAINE





THIS SURVEY REPORT WAS PREPARED BY MEMBERS OF THE RIGHT FROM THE START COALITION

MAINE ASSOCIATION FOR THE EDUCATION OF YOUNG CHILDREN IN PARTNERSHIP WITH: FAMILY CHILD CARE ASSOCIATION OF MAINE YMCA ALLIANCE OF NORTHERN NEW ENGLAND MAINE HEAD START DIRECTORS ASSOCIATION

TIMELINE



METHODOLOGY



DEMOGRAPHICS



A survey was sent by email to all licensed child care programs in Maine and followed up by additional outreach from MaineAEYC, FCCAM, Head Starts, and YMCA leadership, and was completed between March 16th and April 1st, 2022.

The survey represents the responses of a non-randomized sample of 610 individuals who own or lead one licensed child care program or several programs. In total the data represents 765 licensed child care programs, or 48% of licensed programs in Maine. 54% of respondents were from family child care homes, 43% from licensed child care centers including nursery schools, small facilities, Head Starts, and YMCAs. 3% of respondents were from out of school time programs.

The respondents represent providers in all 16 counties in Maine, with percent of respondents from each county falling within 1% of the percent of licensed programs in that county compared to all licensed programs in Maine. Cumberland County was overrepresented by 2.59%.

Given the constantly changing and widely varying nature of the COVID-19 crisis, the analysis from this survey is intended to present the experiences of the respondents, as captured in the moment that they take the survey, which may show trends in the experiences of the field and industry at large.

RESULTS OVERVIEW

The results of this survey highlight the continued challenges this past year for Maine child care programs. The administrators, owners, teachers, and staff have met the uncertainty and stress of COVID-19 with resilience and strength. Programs shared about the significant positive impacts of the federal Child Care Stabilization Grants. They expressed deep concern over their growing waitlists, knowing that families are struggling to find the care they need for their children. Many programs face severe staff shortages and continued financial struggle.

Top challenges for child care programs this year

2022 ANSWERS FROM FAMILY CHILD CARE PROVIDERS

- 58% IMPLEMENTING/ENFORCING COVID-19 PROTOCOLS
- 53% GROWING WAITLIST
- 21% UNDERENROLLED
- 19% OPERATING AT A DEFICIT

2022 ANSWERS FROM CHILD CARE CENTERS

- 64% GROWING WAITLIST
- 57% STAFF SHORTAGES
- 49% IMPLEMENTING/ENFORCING COVID-19 PROTOCOLS
- 26% OPERATING AT A DEFICIT

Top challenges for child care programs last year

2021 ANSWERS FROM FAMILY CHILD CARE PROVIDERS

- 43% GROWING WAITLIST
- 34% UNDER-ENROLLED
- 29% OPERATING AT A DEFICIT

2021 ANSWERS FROM CHILD CARE CENTERS

- 58% STAFF SHORTAGES
- 44% OPERATING AT A DEFICIT
- 43% GROWING WAITLIST



WHAT IS YOUR CURRENT ENROLLMENT?

It is important to understand the difference between licensed capacity and enrollment. Licensed capacity tells a program the maximum number of children they can enroll based on their space and square footage. Enrollment is how many children are currently attending.

43% of programs have been enrolled at 90-100% of their licensed capacity this year, compared with 35% last year.

This year we also asked programs about their preferred capacity, since some never plan to enroll at their full licensed capacity, and choose to keep their total enrollment below the maximum number permitted. 56% of programs responding indicated they are enrolled at 90-100% of their preferred capacity.

331



Family Child Care

| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----|
| 0 (permanently closed) | 1.81% | 6 |
| enrolled between 1%-25% capacity | 4.53% | 15 |
| enrolled between 26%-50% capacity | 10.27% | 34 |
| enrolled between 51%-75% capacity | 16.31% | 54 |
| enrolled between 76%-90% capacity | 15.71% | 52 |
| enrolled between 91%-100% capacity | 51.36% | 170 |
| | | |

Total

For family child care respondents, who are experiencing lower enrollment, 32% have done so as part of following health and safety guidelines, 27% have had to stay below due to staff shortages, and 25% have seen less interest in group care from parents this year.

Center Based Child Care

| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----|
| 0 (permanently closed) | 0.74% | 2 |
| enrolled between 1%-25% capacity | 1.47% | 4 |
| enrolled between 26%-50% capacity | 13.97% | 38 |
| enrolled between 51%-75% capacity | 25.37% | 69 |
| enrolled between 76%-90% capacity | 25.37% | 69 |
| enrolled between 91%-100% capacity | 33.09% | 90 |
| Total | | 272 |

For child care center respondents, who are experiencing lower enrollment, 60% have done so to mitigate COVID-19 risks, 32% have seen less interest in group care from parents this year, and 30% have had to stay below capacity due to staffing shortages.